

Version

2.0

Revision Date:

SDS Number: 2016/09/28 MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

: CHUCK GREASE PRO

Product code

000000000004085495

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier

: KITAGAWA IRON WORKS CO.,LTD.

Address

726-8610,77-1 Motomachi, Fuchu-city, Hiroshima-pref., JAPAN

Telephone

0847-40-0529

Emergency telephone number: 0847-40-0533 (Quality Control Section)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Lubricants and lubricant additives

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Kidney) repeated exposure (Oral)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through pro-

longed or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Response:

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.



Version

2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number:

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 MA1127PHG2-E

Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

Mixture

Chemical nature

Inorganic and organic compounds

in mineral oil

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	ENCS No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	>= 50 - < 60	
Melamine cyanurate	37640-57-6	>= 10 - < 20	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 - < 10	1-558/5-5225
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate	7620-77-1	>= 1 - < 10	2-1416
Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-	68412-26-0	>= 1 - < 10	
oxodioxodi-, sulfurized			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled

If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact

Wash with water and soap as a precaution.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically and supportively.



Version 2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Fluorine compounds

Metal oxides Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.



Version 2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15
Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact

Oxidizing agents

Hygiene measures

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may re-

quire added precautions.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid

Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material

: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	OEL-M	0.3 mg/m3 (Titanium)	JP OEL JSOH
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH



Version

2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15

Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate

7620-77-1 TWA 10 mg/m3

ACGIH

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type

Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material

Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks

Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Eye protection

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection

Skin should be washed after contact

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

paste

Colour

White to light yellow

Odour

not significant

Odour Threshold

No data available

pН

Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable

Flash point

> 200 °C

Method: Seta closed cup

Evaporation rate

Not applicable



Version 2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15
Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit

: No data available

Vapour pressure

: Not applicable

Relative vapour density

No data available

Relative density

1.12

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic

Not applicable

Explosive properties

Not explosive

Oxidizing properties

The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

None known.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact



Version

2.0

Revision Date:

SDS Number: 2016/09/28 MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): 2,500 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rat): 5,520 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-oxodioxodi-, sulfurized:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 (Rat): > 34.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg



Version

Revision Date:

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15

20 2016/09/28 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-oxcdioxodi-, sulfurized:

Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation



Version 2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-oxodioxodi-, sulfurized:

Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Test Type: Buehler Test

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse Result: negative

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Methcd: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-oxodioxodi-, sulfurized:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.



Version

2.0

Revision Date:

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

2016/09/28 MA1127PHG2-E

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Genctoxicity in vitro

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genctoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mammal an erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Genotoxicity in vitro

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 78 weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 451

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



Version

20

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

er: Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 G2-E Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Melamine cyanurate:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 103 weeks

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 24 Months

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Result: positive

Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

•

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Effects on fertility

: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Irgestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.



Version

2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15
Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Melamine cyanurate:

Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Kidney

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >10 to

100 mg/kg bw.

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species: Rabbit

NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 4 Weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 980 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 4 Weeks

Melamine cyanurate:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 20 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 7 Days

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat NOAEL: 10 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 yr

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.



Version

2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number:

MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

П

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 88 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxic ty to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria

: NOEC: > 1.93 ma/l

Exposure time: 10 min Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Melamine cyanurate:



Version

Revision Date:

SDS Number:

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15

2.0 2016/09/28 MA1127PHG2-E Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 325

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,500 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria

: EC50: > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Toxicity to fish

LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-μ-oxodioxodi-, sulfurized:



Version

2.0

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E Date of last issue: 2015/10/15

Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Toxicity to fish

LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 94.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxic ty to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae

EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxic ty to bacteria

EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Melamine cyanurate:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C



Version

2.0

Revision Date:

2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

II

Molybdenum, bis(dibutylcarbamodithioato)di-µ-oxodioxodi-, sulfurized:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 22.75 % Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Melamine cyanurate:

Bioaccumulation

: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 3.8

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -2.28

Mobility in soil

No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good



Version

2.0

Revision Date:

2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law

Designated Flammable Substances, Synthetic resins, others, (3000 kilogram)

Chemical Substance Control Law

Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

Chemical name	Number	Concentration (%)
Mineral oil	168	>=50 - <60
Titanium(IV) oxide	191	>=1 - <10
Molybdenum and its compounds	603	>=1 - <10

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names

Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

Chemical name	Number
Mineral oil	168
Titanium(IV) oxide	191
Molybdenum and its compounds	603

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Not applicable



Version

20

Revision Date:

2016/09/28

SDS Number:

MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning

Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act

Not applicable

Explosive Control Law

Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Aviation Law

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation

: Not applicable for product as supplied.

Pack transportation

Not classified as marine pollutant

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law

Industrial waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

ENCS/ISHL

Consult your local Dow Corning office.

REACH

All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.



Version

20

Revision Date: 2016/09/28

SDS Number: MA1127PHG2-E

Date of last issue: 2015/10/15 Date of first issue: 2015/04/27

Date format

yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

JP OEL JSOH

Japan. The Japan Society for Occupational Health. Recom-

mendation of Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA

8-hour, time-weighted average

JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration, NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

JP / EN